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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/996,899	11/30/2001	Howard Taub	10982142-1	3258
7	7590 10/12/2004		EXAMINER	
HEWLETT-PACKARD COMPANY			YOUNG, JOHN L	
Intellectual Pro	perty Administration			
P.O. Box 272400			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Fort Collins, C	CO 80527-2400		3622	

DATE MAILED: 10/12/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	1			
	09/996,899	TAUB ET AL.	V J			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	John L Young	3622				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence add	ress			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply ly within the statutory minimum of thirty (3 will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH's a, cause the application to become ABAN	be timely filed  O) days will be considered timely.  S from the mailing date of this com  DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	munication.			
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 N	lovember 2001.					
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 1	1, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-48 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-48 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acc	•					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	· -· -	•	• •			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	kaminer. Note the attached O	mice Action or form PTC	J-15Z.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Appl rity documents have been rec u (PCT Rule 17,2(a)).	lication No ceived in this National S	tage			
Attachment(s) PRIN	ONARD YOUNG, ESQ. 9	30-2304				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Sum Paper No(s)/M	mary (PTO-413) ail Date				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 9/30/2004.		mal Patent Application (PTO-1	52)			

Serial Number: 09/996,899

(Taub et al.)

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## FIRST ACTION REJECTION

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## (Paper# 9/30/2004)

## **DRAWINGS**

This application has been filed with drawings that are considered informal; said drawings 1. are acceptable for examination purposes. The review process for drawings that are included with applications on filing has been modified in view of the new requirement to publish applications at eighteen months after the filing date of applications, or any priority date claimed under 35 U.S.C. §§119, 120, 121, or 365.

#### ABSTRACT OBJECTION

2. The ABSTRACT is over 150 words. Appropriate correction is required.

## CLAIM REJECTIONS — 35 U.S.C. §101

35 U.S.C. §101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefore, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

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3. Claims 30-38, 40-43 & 45-48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101, because said claims are directed to non-statutory subject matter.

As per claims 30-38, 40-43 & 45-48, as drafted said claims are not limited by language within the technological arts (see *In re Waldbaum*, 173 USPQ 430 (CCPA 1972); *In re Musgrave*, 167 USPQ 280 (CCPA 1970) and *In re Johnston*, 183 USPQ 172 (CCPA 1974) also see MPEP 2106 IV 2(b), even though said claims are limited by language to a useful, concrete and tangible application (See *State Street v. Signature financial Group*, 149 F.3d at 1374-75, 47 USPQ 2d at 1602 (Fed Cir. 1998); *AT&T Corp. v. Excel*, 50 USPQ 2d 1447, 1452 (Fed. Cir. 1999).

Note: it is well settled in the law that "[although] a claim should be interpreted in light of the specification disclosure, it is generally considered improper to read limitations contained in the specification into the claims. See *In re Prater*, 415, F.2d 1393, 162 USPQ 541 (CCPA 1969) and *In re Winkhaus*, 527 F.2d 637, 188 USPQ 129 (CCPA 1975), which discuss the premise that one cannot rely on the specification to impart limitations to the claims that are not recited in the claims." (See MPEP 2173.05(q)).

## CLAIM REJECTIONS — 35 U.S.C. §103(a)

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. §103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being obvious over Marks
  US 2001/0034651 (10/25/2001) (herein referred to as "Marks").

As per independent claim 1, <u>Marks</u> (the ABSTRACT; and FIG. 1) discloses: "An incentive benefit program compensates customers for viewing advertising. . . ."

Marks ( $\P[0049]$ ) discloses: "The credits may be stored in a customer's account at the web site. . . ."

Marks (¶[0047]) discloses: "Wireless devices used in conjunction with the present invention may comprise the user terminal and receive, store and display information about the benefit as a bar code on a viewing screen or a print out. . . ."

Marks (¶[0017]) discloses: "the consumer performs an action to verify that he has seen. . . ." an advertisement or email.

Marks (¶[0040]) discloses: "The terminal from which a credit was earned may be identified using standard billing and crediting procedures. . . . "

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Marks (¶[0035]) discloses: "methods of verifying and valuing ad viewing activities are described in U.S. patent application [to Marks] Ser. No. 09/774559, 'Providing Benefits by the Internet to Minimally Identified Users' filed Feb. 1, 2001."

Marks (the ABSTRACT; FIG. 1; ¶¶[0017]; [0018]; [0028]; [0029]; [0031]; [0035]]; [0040]; [0042]; [0047]; [0049]; and [0052]) implicitly shows all the elements and limitations of claim 1; however,

## Marks lacks explicit recitation of "a sender bank identifier..."

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art that the disclosure of Marks (¶[0049]) implicitly shows "a sender bank identifier..." elements and limitations not explicitly recited, and it would have been obvious to modify and interpret the disclosure of Marks cited above as implicitly showing those elements and limitations not explicitly recited, because modification and interpretation of the cited disclosure of Marks would have provided means for "immediate or near term gratification for responding to Internet advertising..." (see Marks (¶[0012]), based on the motivation to modify Marks so as to provide means which "encourages customers to conduct business and view advertising at locations where advertisements participating in the program are presented." (See Marks (¶[0012]).

As per dependent claims 2-12, <u>Marks</u> implicitly shows the method of claim 1 and subsequent base claims depending from claim 1.

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Marks (the ABSTRACT; FIG. 1; ¶¶[0017]; [0018]; [0028]; [0029]; [0031]; [0035]]; [0040]; [0042]; [0047]; [0049]; and [0052]; and whole document) implicitly shows all of the elements and limitations of claims 2-12; however,

Marks lacks explicit recitation of some of the elements and limitations of claims 2-12.

"Official Notice" is taken that both the concepts and the advantages of all of the elements and limitations of claims 2-12, were well known and expected in the art by one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention because; for example, it would have been obvious to modify and interpret the disclosure of Marks cited above as showing all of the elements and limitations of claims 2-12, because modification and interpretation of the cited disclosure of Marks would have provided means for "immediate or near term gratification for responding to Internet advertising. . . ." (see Marks (¶[0012]), based on the motivation to modify Marks so as to "[encourage] customers to conduct business and view advertising at locations where advertisements participating in the program are presented." (See Marks (¶[0012]).

Independent claim 13 is rejected for substantially the same reasons as independent claim 1.

As per dependent claims 14-21, <u>Marks</u> implicitly shows the e-mail program of claim 13 and subsequent base claims depending from claim 13.

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Marks (the ABSTRACT; FIG. 1; ¶¶[0017]; [0018]; [0028]; [0029]; [0031]; [0035]]; [0040]; [0042]; [0047]; [0049]; and [0052]; and whole document) implicitly shows all of the elements and limitations of claims 14-21; however,

Marks lacks explicit recitation of some of the elements and limitations of claims 14-21.

"Official Notice" is taken that both the concepts and the advantages of all of the elements and limitations of claims 14-21, were well known and expected in the art by one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention because; for example, it would have been obvious to modify and interpret the disclosure of Marks cited above as showing all of the elements and limitations of claims 14-21, because modification and interpretation of the cited disclosure of Marks would have provided means for "immediate or near term gratification for responding to Internet advertising. . . ." (see Marks (¶[0012]), based on the motivation to modify Marks so as to "[encourage] customers to conduct business and view advertising at locations where advertisements participating in the program are presented." (See Marks (¶[0012]).

Independent claim 22 is rejected for substantially the same reasons as independent claim 1.

As per dependent claims 23-29, <u>Marks</u> implicitly shows the system of claim 22 and subsequent base claims depending from claim 22.

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Marks (the ABSTRACT; FIG. 1; ¶[0017]; [0018]; [0028]; [0029]; [0031]; [0035]]; [0040]; [0042]; [0047]; [0049]; and [0052]; and whole document) implicitly shows all of the elements and limitations of claims 23-29; however,

Marks lacks explicit recitation of some of the elements and limitations of claims 23-29.

"Official Notice" is taken that both the concepts and the advantages of all of the elements and limitations of claims 23-29, were well known and expected in the art by one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention because; for example, it would have been obvious to modify and interpret the disclosure of Marks cited above as showing all of the elements and limitations of claims 23-29, because modification and interpretation of the cited disclosure of Marks would have provided means for "immediate or near term gratification for responding to Internet advertising. . . ." (see Marks (¶[0012]), based on the motivation to modify Marks so as to "[encourage] customers to conduct business and view advertising at locations where advertisements participating in the program are presented." (See Marks (¶[0012]).

Independent claim 30 is rejected for substantially the same reasons as independent claim 1.

As per dependent claims 31-39, <u>Marks</u> implicitly shows the method of claim 30 and subsequent base claims depending from claim 30.

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Marks (the ABSTRACT; FIG. 1; ¶¶[0017]; [0018]; [0028]; [0029]; [0031]; [0035]]; [0040]; [0042]; [0047]; [0049]; and [0052]; and whole document) implicitly shows all of the elements and limitations of claims 31-39; however,

Marks lacks explicit recitation of some of the elements and limitations of claims 31-39.

"Official Notice" is taken that both the concepts and the advantages of all of the elements and limitations of claims 31-39, were well known and expected in the art by one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention because; for example, it would have been obvious to modify and interpret the disclosure of Marks cited above as showing all of the elements and limitations of claims 31-39, because modification and interpretation of the cited disclosure of Marks would have provided means for "immediate or near term gratification for responding to Internet advertising. . . ." (see Marks (¶[0012]), based on the motivation to modify Marks so as to "[encourage] customers to conduct business and view advertising at locations where advertisements participating in the program are presented." (See Marks (¶[0012]).

Independent claim 40 is rejected for substantially the same reasons as independent claim 1.

As per dependent claims 41-48, <u>Marks</u> implicitly shows the method of claim 40 and subsequent base claims depending from claim 40.

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Marks (the ABSTRACT; FIG. 1; ¶¶[0017]; [0018]; [0028]; [0029]; [0031]; [0035]]; [0040]; [0042]; [0047]; [0049]; and [0052]; and whole document) implicitly shows all of the elements and limitations of claims 41-48; however,

Marks lacks explicit recitation of some of the elements and limitations of claims 41-48.

"Official Notice" is taken that both the concepts and the advantages of all of the elements and limitations of claims 41-48, were well known and expected in the art by one of ordinary skill at the time of the invention because; for example, it would have been obvious to modify and interpret the disclosure of Marks cited above as showing all of the elements and limitations of claims 41-48, because modification and interpretation of the cited disclosure of Marks would have provided means for "immediate or near term gratification for responding to Internet advertising. . . ." (see Marks (¶[0012]), based on the motivation to modify Marks so as to "[encourage] customers to conduct business and view advertising at locations where advertisements participating in the program are presented." (See Marks (¶[0012]).

#### **CONCLUSION**

5. Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner for Patents P. O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

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Any response to this action may be sent via facsimile to either:

(703)305-7687 (for formal communications EXPEDITED PROCEDURE) or

(703) 305-7687 (for formal communications marked AFTER-FINAL) or

(703) 746-7240 (for informal communications marked PROPOSED or DRAFT).

Hand delivered responses may be brought to:

Seventh Floor Receptionist Crystal Park V 2451 Crystal Drive Arlington, Virginia.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John L. Young who may be reached via telephone at (703) 305-3801. The examiner can normally be reached Monday through Friday between 8:30 A.M. and 5:00 P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eric Stamber, may be reached at (703) 305-8469.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

JOHN LEONARD YOUNG, ESQ. PRIMARY EXAMINER

John L. Young

Primary Patent Examiner

September 30, 2004